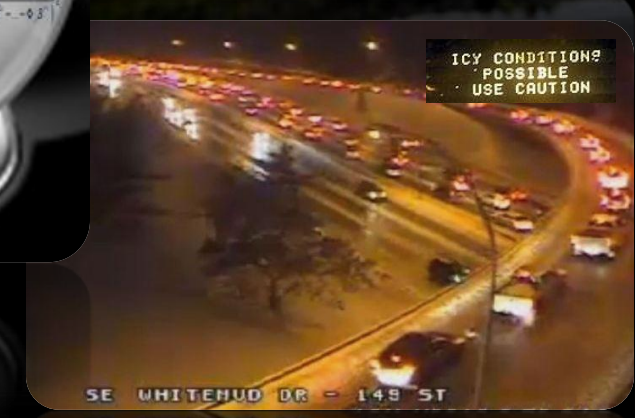
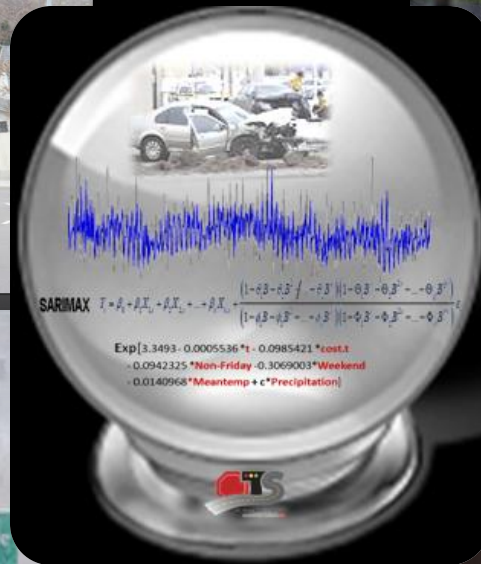


Responsive Traffic Management Through Short-Term Weather and Collision Prediction

Presenter: Stevanus A. Tjandra, Ph.D. – City of Edmonton Office of Traffic Safety (OTS)
Co-authors: Yongsheng Chen, Ph.D., P.Eng., Frank Feng, Ph.D. – OTS
Tony Qiu, Ph.D., Gerhard Reuter, Ph.D., Lawrence Lan, M.Sc., Clark Pennely, M.Sc. – University of Alberta





Introduction

Weather-Responsive Traffic Management (WRTM)

City of Edmonton Weather and Collision Prediction

Benefits

Next Steps

City of Edmonton Office of Traffic Safety (OTS)

<http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/traffic-safety.aspx>

- Established in 2006 as a result of Mayor Traffic Safety Task Force
- Focus on urban traffic safety through evidence-based approaches

Shifting Rural to Urban World Population (UN Report 2009):

Year	Urban Population	Rural Population
2009	3.4 billion	3.4 billion
2050	6.3 billion	2.9 billion

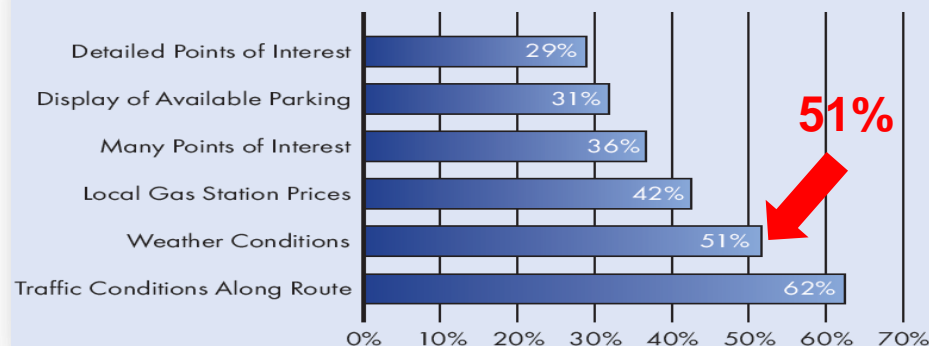
- The OTS will reduce the prevalence of fatal, injury, and property damage collisions through the **4 E's** of traffic safety (**E**ngineering, **E**ducation, **E**nforcement, and **E**valuation) by improving
 - urban traffic safety engineering
 - road user behaviour
 - speed management and
 - data, business intelligence and analytics



Weather Impacts on Safety and Mobility

- US DOT Road Weather Management Program:¹
 - In US, over 5,870,000 vehicle collisions each year - 23% (nearly 1,312,000) are weather-related.
 - On average, 6,250 fatalities and over 480,000 injuries in weather-related collisions each year.
 - 23 percent of the non-recurrent delay on highways across the US is due to snow, ice, and fog ≈ 544 million vehicle-hours of delay per year.
- Weather-related collision costs in Canada are estimated to be approximately \$1 billion per year.²
- Survey indicated the importance of information on weather conditions for travelers.³

Question: How important are each of the following features?



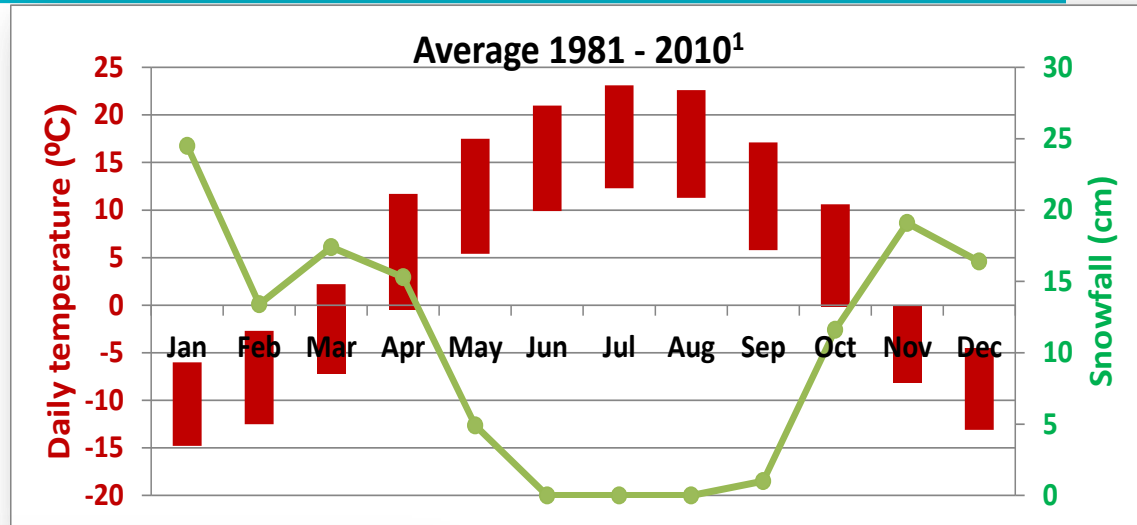
¹http://www.ops.fhwa.dot.gov/weather/q1_roadimpact.htm; accessed on May 15, 2014.

²Andrey, J., B. Mills, and J. Vandermolen. Weather Information and Road Safety: Final Report. Final Report Presented to the Institute for Catastrophic Loss Reduction, 2001. Downloadable from http://www.iclr.org/images/Weather_information_and_road_safety.pdf.

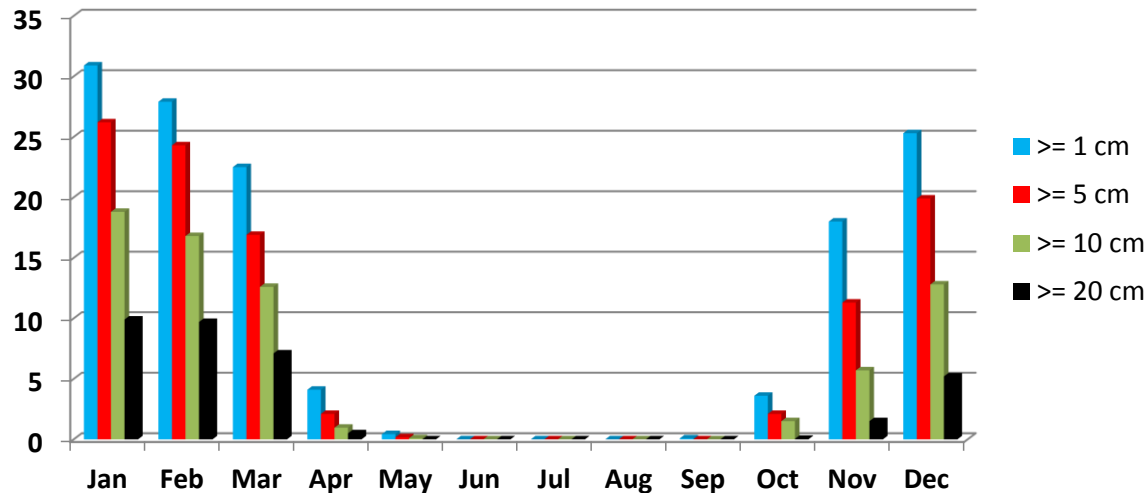
³Federal Highway Administration. US Department of Transportation. Weather-Responsive Traffic Management: New Approaches to Improve Safety and Mobility. (Spring 2011). FHWA-JPO-11-093.

Weather in Edmonton

- Throughout the year, temperatures can range from below -40°C during the winter, to above 30°C in the summer.



Average # days with snow depth of at least 1, 5, 10 or 20 cm on the ground (1981-2010)¹



- In the City of Edmonton, around 57% of collisions occurred in the fall and winter months (January - March and October - December).²

¹1981-2010 Climate Normals & Averages

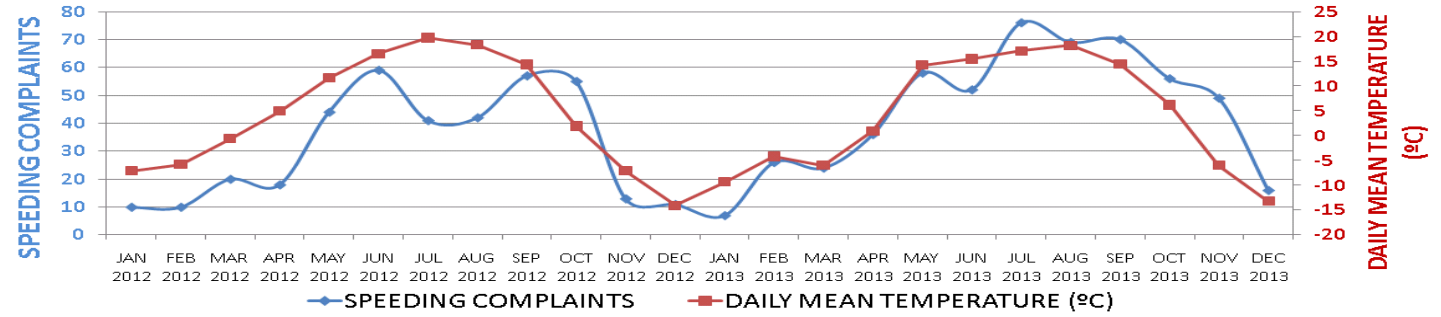
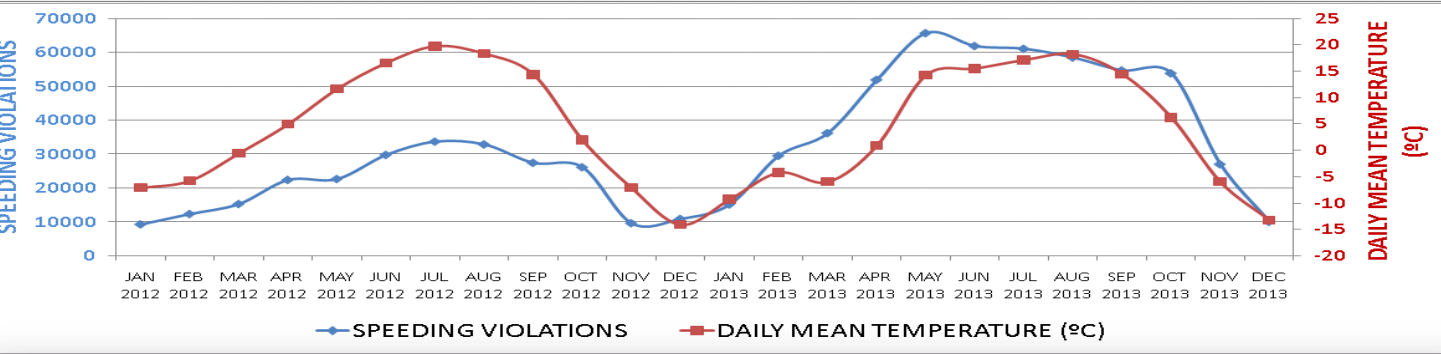
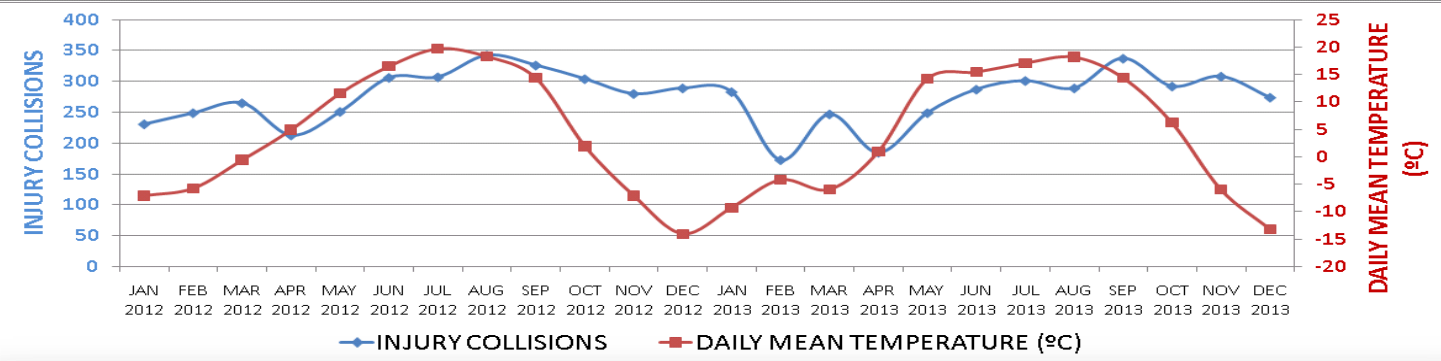
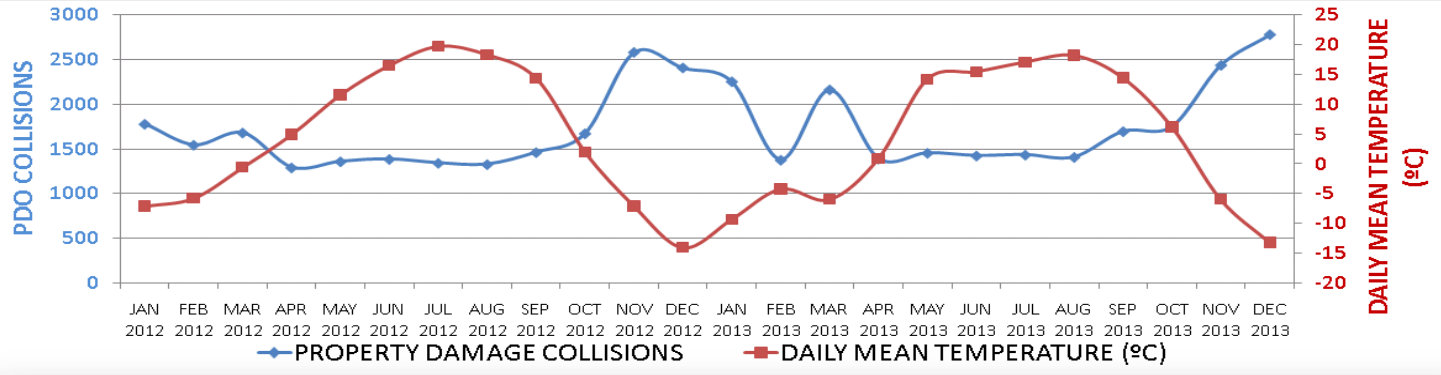
http://climate.weather.gc.ca/climate_normals/index_e.html

²City of Edmonton annual motor vehicle collision reports.

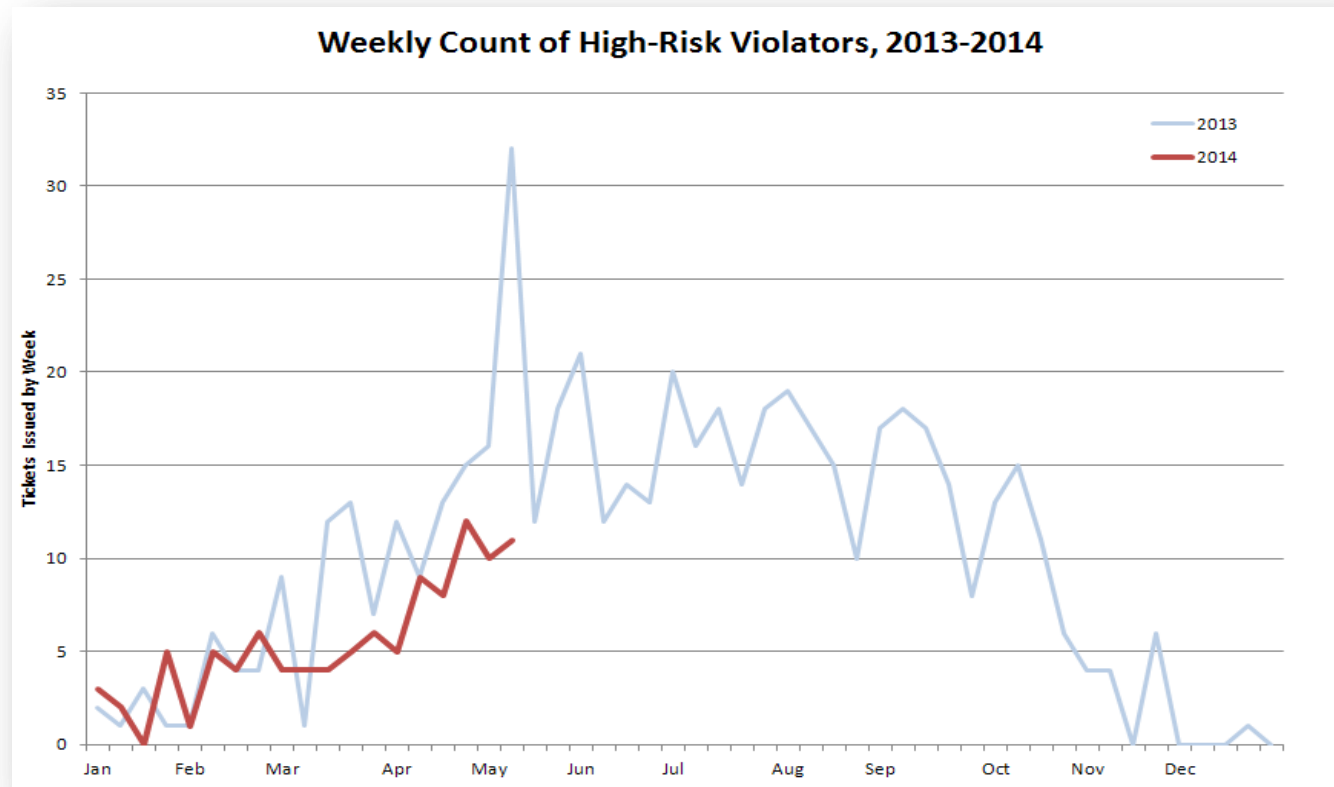
Downloadable from

http://www.edmonton.ca/transportation/traffic_reports/collision-speed-reports.aspx.

Weather Impacts on Traffic Safety: Trends and Patterns



Weather Impacts on Traffic Safety



Weather impact on collision¹:

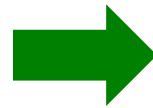
- Min Temp < -10, Total Snow > 0 and Speed of Max Gust > 20 increased FTC (Followed Too Closely) collisions between 17.9% and 33.0%.

¹El-Basyouny, K., Barua, S., Islam, Md.T., Li, R. 2014. Assessing the Effect of Weather States on Crash Severity and Type using Full Bayesian Multivariate Safety Models. TRB 93rd Annual Meeting Compendium.

Weather-Responsive Traffic Management (WRTM)



- Goal¹: to minimize the delay and risk experienced by motorists while driving in bad weather.
- Strategies¹:
 - Advisory strategies provide warning and other information to travelers;
 - Control strategies to regulate or optimize traffic flow; and
 - Treatment strategies to ensure the roads are clear of obstructions
- Implementation: Integrated Transportation Management Centre



**Increase
access,
mobility and
safety**

- WRTM
- Congestion management
- Advanced Traveler Information System (ATIS)
- Situational awareness and planning functionality
- Emergency operations centre capability

¹Federal Highway Administration. US Department of Transportation. Weather-Responsive Traffic Management: Real Solutions for Serious Traffic Problems. FHWA-JPO-09-035.

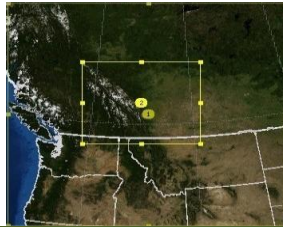
WRTM - City of Edmonton's Initiative

- Building 6 new weather stations collecting/calculating:
 - Wind speed and direction
 - Barometer pressure
 - Snow and rain fall
 - Air temperature and humidity
 - Dew point

- Weather, collision and traffic flow (volume & speed) prediction:
 - Current state: 7 days ahead prediction of citywide daily weather and collision
 - Collision prediction: public roadway collisions and police-call (CAD) collisions
 - Collaborators:
 - ✓ Weather prediction: Department of Earth and Atmospheric Sciences, University of Alberta
 - ✓ Collision and traffic flow prediction: City of Edmonton Office of Traffic Safety
 - ✓ Web-base application: Department of Civil and Environmental Engineering, University of Alberta

 - Current users: the Edmonton Police Service and City of Edmonton Office of Traffic Safety

City of Edmonton Weather, Collision and Traffic Flow Prediction



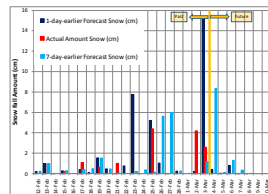
Weather Data
Set-up for Edmonton

JANUARY	FEBRUARY	MARCH
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
APRIL	MAY	JUNE
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31
OCTOBER	NOVEMBER	DECEMBER
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31

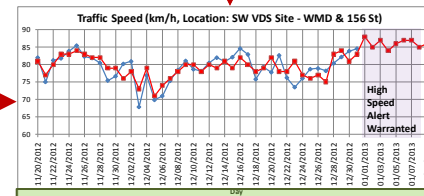
Calendar Data
Month, Day of Week, Holiday



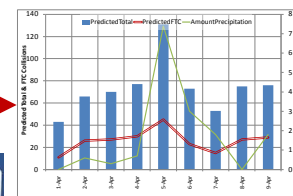
Traffic Flow Data
VDS Sites: Speed, Volume



Weather Prediction



Volume & Speed Prediction



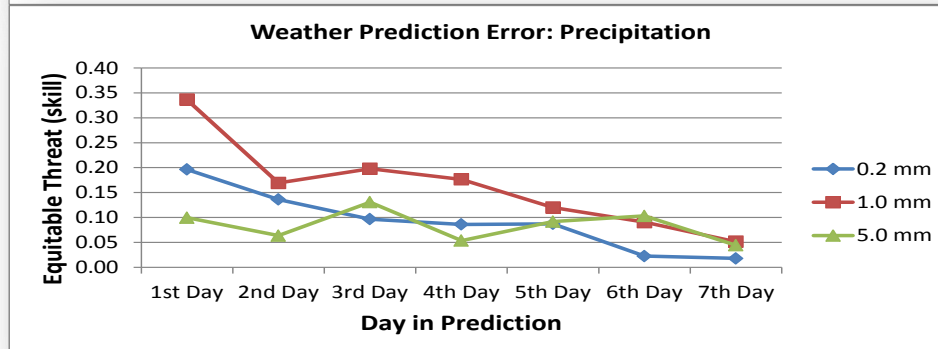
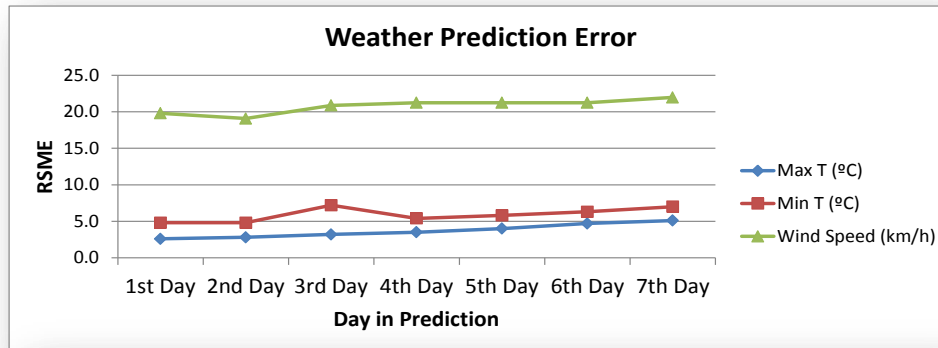
Collision Prediction

Future Work



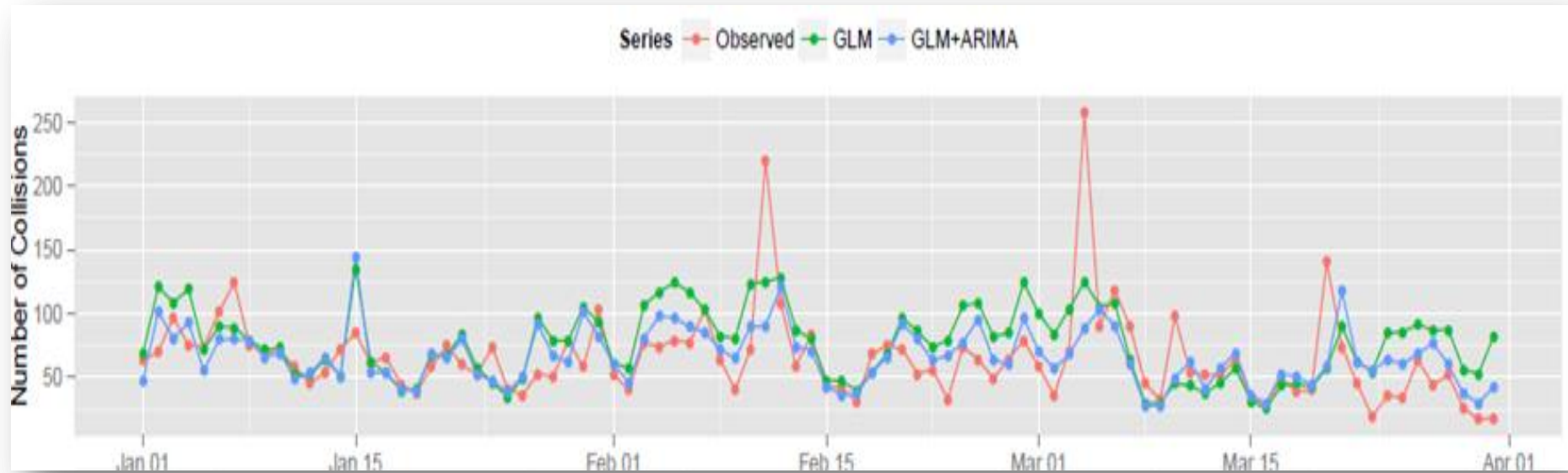
Weather Prediction

- Predicted variables by four quadrants (NE, SE, NW, SW):
 - Wind speed and direction
 - Air temperature (low, high, mean) and humidity
 - Barometer pressure
 - Visibility
 - Snow and rain fall
- Weather data source: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA)
- Use Weather Research and Forecasting model (WRF) for prediction
- Prediction accuracy:



RSME: Root Mean Squared Error

Public Roadway Collision Prediction

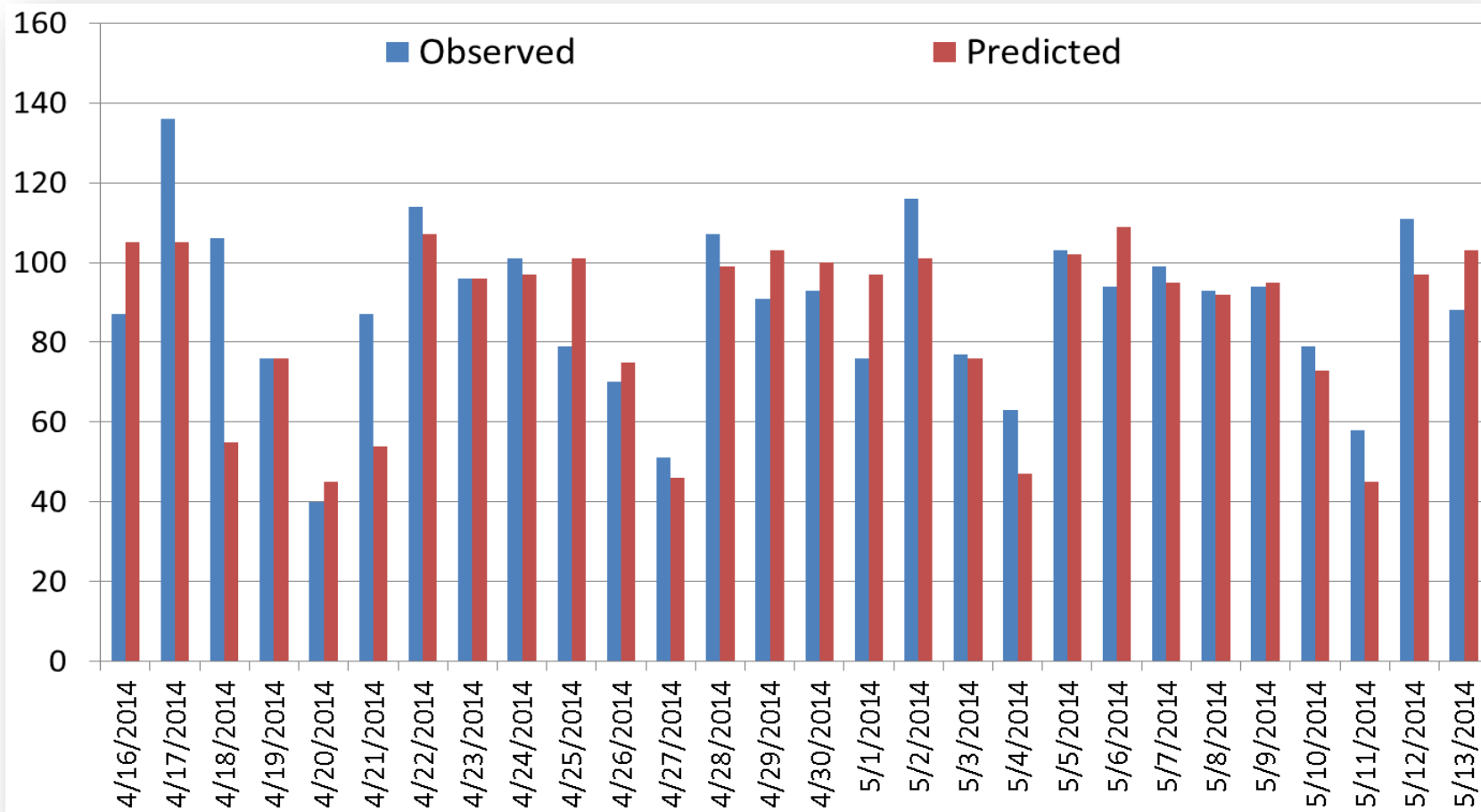


Model	MAE	MAPE
GLM	14.21	22%
GLM+ARIMA	12.51	18%
GLM	24.53	45%

MAE: Mean Absolute Error

MAPE: Mean Absolute Percent Error

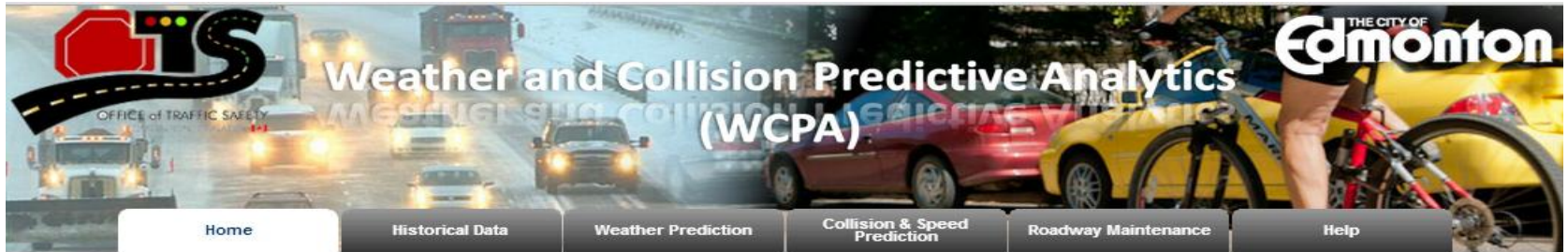
Police call (CAD)-Collision Prediction



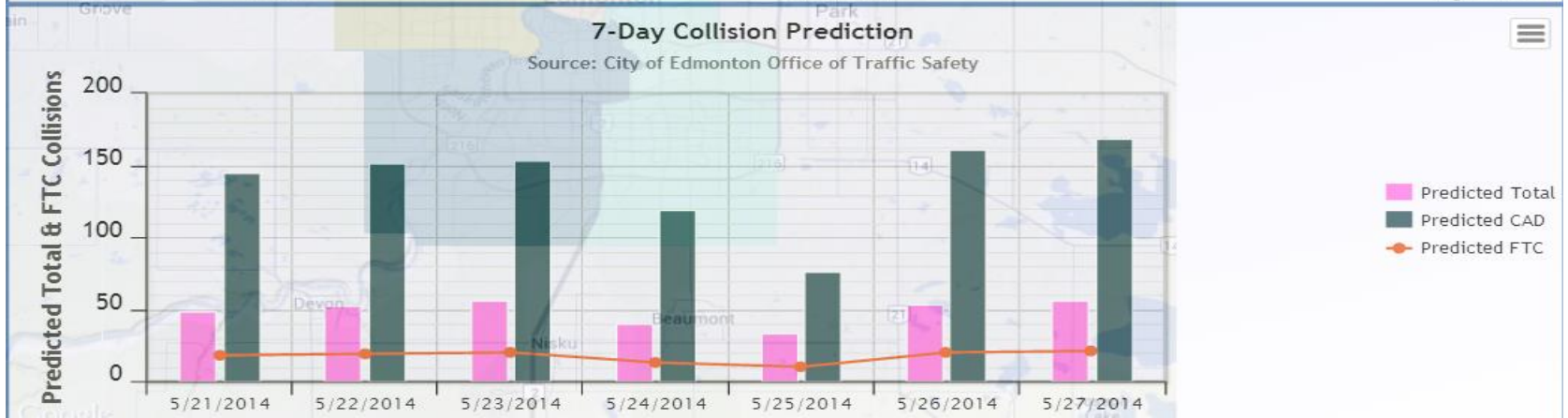
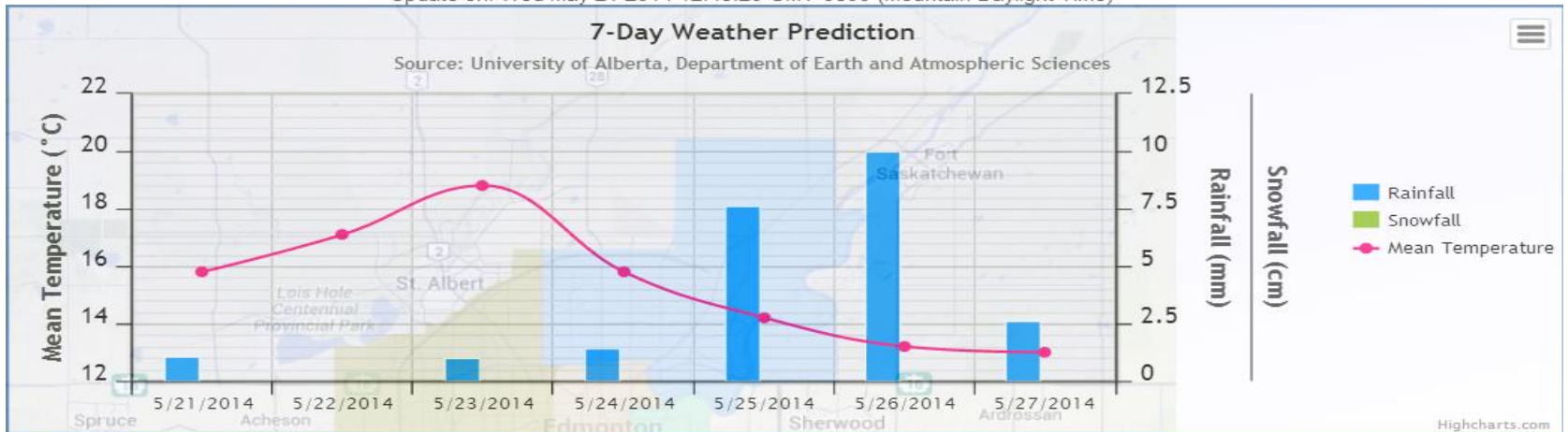
MAPE 13%

Weather and Collision Prediction: Web-Base Application

<http://www.its.ualberta.ca/Default>



Update on: Wed May 21 2014 12:48:20 GMT-0600 (Mountain Daylight Time)



Icy Curves Ahead

Icy Curve Warning System (ICWS)¹

- Deployment of the ICWS reduced the number of annual collisions by 18% (CMF = 0.82),
- PDO collision rate was reduced from 5.51 to 4.00 collisions per winter season
- Fatal and Injury collision rate decreased from 2.86 to 2.67 collisions per season
- ICWS has potentially provided safety benefits of \$1.7 million dollars per winter season

¹Zhirui, Y., Veneziano, D., Turnbull, I., "Safety Effects of Icy Curve Warning Systems." Presented at the 91st Annual Meeting of the Transportation Research Board, Paper No. 12-0985, Washington, D.C., (2012)

Next Steps

- Hourly predictions for the next 7 days; models updated every 6 hours
- Alarm threshold development
- Collision prediction by specific area and corridors
- Traffic volume and speed prediction
- CMF and C/B-ratio estimation
- Integration with the Traffic Management Centre
- Utilize media (radio, TV) and social media (Twitter, Facebook) to increase driver awareness



Thank You

Contact: Stevanus.Tjandra@edmonton.ca



ITS Canada Annual Conference and General Meeting
June 1-4, 2014 | Victoria, British Columbia, Canada